

Christian Levin
Traton Group
Dachauer Strasse 641,
Munich
Germany

CC: Traton Group, Executive Team and Board of Directors

January 26, 2023

RE: Traton Group's business operations in Russia

Dear Mr. Levin,

We write to you as [B4Ukraine](#), a coalition of Ukrainian and international civil society organizations working to curtail the financial resources enabling the Russian invasion of Ukraine. The coalition expects companies to demonstrate public support for the people, democracy, and territorial integrity of Ukraine; opposition to Russia's war of aggression; and alignment with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. Such support will also demonstrate respect for the fundamental human rights of all people, the rules-based international order, and a prosperous global economy.

We are encouraged by Traton Group's (Traton) decision to withdraw from Russia in response to this unprovoked and unjustified war. According to your statement on September 13, Traton sold its business in Russia and exited the country:

“MAN Truck & Bus SE and Scania AB, subsidiaries of TRATON SE, are disposing their sales companies in the Russian Federation to local sales partners. In addition to that Scania AB disposes their Russian financing business.”¹

Despite expecting a 550 million euro loss,² Traton still committed to joining the growing ranks of multinational companies which, according to the Kyiv School of Economics Institute's [#LeaveRussia company tracker](#), have exited the Russian market,³ thus minimising the risks of enabling and financing Russia's violations of international humanitarian and human rights law during the ongoing invasion and occupation of Ukraine.⁴ We write now to urge you to maintain your position and, further, to use your leadership and influence to encourage other companies to follow your example.

¹ Traton, “TRATON SE: Disposal of business activities in Russia,” September 13, 2022, <https://ir.traton.com/websites/traton/English/4080/news-detail.html?newsID=2341055> (accessed January 24, 2023); Kyiv School of Economics Institute, “Leave Russia,” <https://leave-russia.org/traton-group> (accessed January 24, 2023).

² Ibid.

³ Kyiv School of Economics Institute, “Leave Russia,” <https://leave-russia.org/companies-that-exited> (accessed January 18, 2023).

⁴ The UN Working Group on Transnational Corporations, Business, human rights and conflict-affected regions states: “Businesses are not neutral actors; their presence is not without impact. Even if business does not take a side in the conflict, the impact of their operations will necessarily influence conflict dynamics.”

As you may well be aware, Russia continues to commit war crimes and crimes against humanity through attacks on civilians and civilian infrastructure, mass executions, the bombing of schools, hospitals, and apartment buildings, sexual violence, torture, and forcible transfer of civilians. More than 18,000 Ukrainians have been killed or injured and millions more have been forced to flee their homes, creating one of the largest humanitarian and refugee crises of modern times.

On September 21, President Vladimir Putin escalated the war by announcing a “partial mobilisation” of the Russian population. The accompanying legislation ([Article 9 of Federal Law No. 31-FZ](#)) mandates all organisations, including more than 1,500 international companies that are currently operating on a full or limited scale in Russia, to conduct military registration of the staff if at least one of the employees is eligible for military service.⁵ They must also assist with delivering the military summons to their employees, ensure the delivery of equipment to assembly points or military units, and provide information, buildings, communications, land plots, transport, and other material means of support to the war effort.

This legislation entails new and significant legal risks for companies remaining in Russia, including potential civil and criminal liability under comprehensive sanctions regimes and recent international jurisprudence holding corporations and their officers responsible for human rights abuses abroad.⁶ Companies may also be exposed to financially material risks through operational restrictions such as limitations of future government contracts.⁷ By remaining in Russia, companies may not only be exposed to these risks but may also become directly complicit in war crimes.⁸

⁵ Federal Law No. 31-FZ of February 26, 1997 "On mobilization training and mobilization in the Russian Federation" (as amended), <https://base.garant.ru/136945/> (accessed November 14, 2022).

⁶ International companies remaining in Russia are now at a greater risk of violating sanctions regimes as implementation of the legislation will likely involve transacting with sanctioned individuals or entities. Furthermore, new domestic civil and criminal cases against companies involved in violations of international law demonstrate the risk of significant liability for facilitating state-sponsored human rights abuses abroad (e.g., Lafarge case, Lundin case, Castel Group indictment, Nevsun holding, and Dassault Aviation, Thales, and MBDA France criminal complaint.) Victoria Riello and Larissa Furtwengler, “Corporate Criminal Liability for International Crimes: France and Sweden Are Poised To Take Historic Steps Forward,” September 6, 2021, <https://www.justsecurity.org/78097/corporate-criminal-liability-for-human-rights-violations-france-and-sweden-are-poised-to-take-historic-steps-forward/> (accessed November 14, 2022); The Sentry, “Breaking: France Opens War Crimes Inquiry Focused on Iconic Food and Beverage Conglomerate,” July 1, 2022, <https://thesentry.org/2022/07/01/7216/breaking-france-opens-war-crimes-inquiry-focused-iconic-food-beverage-conglomerate/> (accessed November 14, 2022); Rfi, “French technology firm charged over Libya cyber-spying,” July 2, 2022, <https://www.rfi.fr/en/business-and-tech/20210701-french-tech-firm-charged-over-libya-cyber-spying> (accessed November 14, 2022); Preston Lim, “Canadian Supreme Court Allows Corporate Liability for International Law Violations,” *Lawfare*, March 12, 2022, <https://www.lawfareblog.com/canadian-supreme-court-allows-corporate-liability-international-law-violations> (accessed November 14, 2022); Sherpa, “Aiding and abetting war crimes in Yemen: Criminal complaint submitted against French arms companies,” June 2, 2022, <https://www.asso-sherpa.org/aiding-and-abetting-war-crimes-in-yemen-criminal-complaint-submitted-against-french-arms-companies> (accessed November 14, 2022).

⁷ Venable LLP, “Do You Contract with State Governments? If So, Beware of Emerging State Sanctions’ Obligations Related to Russia and Belarus,” *JD Supra*, June 3, 2022, <https://www.jdsupra.com/legalnews/do-you-contract-with-state-governments-6537229/> (accessed November 14, 2022).

⁸ Nataliya Popovych and Bennett Freeman, “Russia’s Putin is forcing foreign-owned companies to participate in his conscription campaign. It’s time to get out,” *Fortune*, October 13, 2022, <https://fortune.com/2022/10/13/russia-putin-foreign-owned-companies-conscription-campaign-sanctions-ukraine-war-international-europe-popovych-freeman/> (accessed November 14, 2022).

In addition to these risks, any re-entry into the Russia market would now bring further exposure to the heightened legal, regulatory, operational, and financial risks associated with companies being required to provide direct support to the internationally sanctioned Russian military.

We commend Traton's condemnation of this illegal war and your dedication to human rights:

“The TRATON GROUP's values of democracy, free trade, and human rights guide us in being a responsible company. Respect for the individual is never compatible with resorting to violence. This is why we categorically condemn Russia's invasion of Ukraine. The TRATON GROUP is greatly concerned and deeply dismayed in light of the Russian attack on Ukraine.”⁹

We request a dialogue with Traton's senior management and staff to discuss how the company may exert its influence with other companies and consider its potential future relationship with Russia as well as Ukraine. Please contact B4Ukraine at contact@b4ukraine.org to schedule a call. We kindly ask for your response by 5:00pm CET, February 9th, 2023.

Sincerely,

The B4Ukraine Coalition

⁹ Traton, “The TRATON GROUP brands Scania and MAN Truck & Bus ramp down production and sale in Russia,” March 7, 2022, <https://traton.com/en/newsroom/press-releases/traton-group-information-on-russia-ukraine-conflict.html> (accessed January 24, 2023).